



Global Compliance Express

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Regulation & Laws

1. Philippines - Introduced Child Safety in Motor Vehicle Act of 2017 (8/1/2017)

菲律宾 – 2017年引入机动车辆行驶过程中的儿童安全法案 (8/1/2017)

Senate Bill No. 1447 of 17th Congress has been introduced “Child Safety in Motor Vehicle Act of 2017”. If this Act is approved as proposed, it shall enter into force 15 days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in two national newspapers of general circulation and it shall repeal Section 5 of Republic Act No. 8750, and all other laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations, issuances or parts thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or amended accordingly.

第17次国会中参议院法案1447号引入了“2017年机动车辆行驶过程中的儿童安全法案”。如果这个法案提议被批准，应当在生效后的15天内出版在《官方公报》或两个日常流通的全国性报纸。应当废除国家8750号法案中第五章节和其他法律、法规、行政命令、规章制度、发行物中不符合本法案的内容将被废除或修改。

The proposed Act aimed to ensure the safety of children while they are transported in any form of motor vehicle, including access to safe, appropriate, quality and affordable child restraint system and other safety measures in preventing traffic-related deaths and injuries among infants and children.  
According to the proposed Act, the child restraint systems shall meet the requirements of UN (United Nations) Regulation 44 and UN Regulation 129. Besides, all manufacturers, importers, distributors and seller of child restraints shall apply a Philippine Standards (PS) mark license and Import Clearance Certificate (ICC) license from the Bureau of Product Standards (BPS).  
被提议的法案旨在确保孩子的安全，他们在乘坐各类的机动车时可以获得安全、合适、高质量和能有效保护的安全约束系统和其他安全措施，预防婴儿和儿童在交通事故中的死亡和伤害。  
根据该法案,儿童约束系统应满足联合国44号和129号法规。除此之外,所有的制造商,进口商,分销商和儿童约束装置的销售商都必须持有符合菲律宾标准(PS)的标记商标和产品标准局(BPS)颁发的进口许可证书(ICC)许可证。

Note/备注

1. UN Regulation No. 44: Uniform provisions concerning the approval of restraining devices for child occupants of power driven vehicles (“Child Restraint Systems”)   
联合国44号法规: 统一规定儿童在机动车辆中使用的约束装置 (“儿童约束系统”)

2. UN Regulation No. 129: Increasing the safety of children in vehicles   
联合国129号法规: 增加儿童在机动车辆中安全性。

2. EU - Draft Commission Regulation Amending Annex XVII to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as Regards CMR Substances (8/1/2017)

欧盟 起草了委员会条例修订 REACH法规 ( EC ) 1907/2006号附录十七中关于CMR物质的草案 (8/1/2017)

The European Commission has proposed Commission Regulation to amend Annex XVII of REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as regards substances that are classified as carcinogenic, mutagenic and toxic to reproduction (CMR). Here are the highlights of the amendment:

欧盟委员会提出了委员会条例，对REACH法规 ( EC ) 第1907/2006号附录XVII中关于分类为致癌，致突变性和生殖毒性 ( CMR ) 的物质进行了修订。 以下是修正案的重点：

1. Column 1 of entries 28 to 30 of Annex XVII is replaced by the following (rephrasing due to previous amendment in the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008):   
附录17的第28至30条的第1栏被以下(根据CLP法规(EC)第1272 / 2008的先前修订)所取代

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Column 1<br>列1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture<br>一种物质，一组物质或混合物的名称                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 28. Substances which are classified as carcinogen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 1 or Appendix 2, respectively.<br>28. 分别列于(EC)法规第1272 / 2008号附录6第3部分中被列为致癌物质类别1A或1B的物质，和列于附录1或附录2的物质。            |
| 29. Substances which are classified as germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 3 or Appendix 4, respectively.<br>29. 分别列于(EC)法规第1272 / 2008号附录6第3部分中，被归类为生殖细胞突变类别1A或1B的物质，和列于附录3或附录4的物质。 |
| 30. Substances which are classified as reproductive toxicant category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 5 or Appendix 6, respectively.<br>30. 分别列于(EC)法规第1272 / 2008号附录6第3部分中被列为生殖毒物类别1A或1B的物质，和列于附录5或附录6的物质。 |

2. In Appendix 2 (for Entry 28 - Carcinogens belonging to category 1B or 2), the following entries are inserted in the table:

附录2(条目28-属于第1B类或第2类的致癌物质)中，以下条目为加入表格的内容:

| Substances<br>物质                                                                                                                                          | Index No<br>索引号 | EC No<br>EC 号 | CAS No<br>CAS号 | Notes<br>注释 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2,3-epoxypropyl methacrylate;<br>glycidyl methacrylate<br>甲基丙烯酸缩水甘油酯                                                                                      | 607-123-00-4    | 203-441-9     | 106-91-2       |             |
| cadmium carbonate<br>碳酸镉                                                                                                                                  | 048-012-00-5    | 208-168-9     | 513-78-0       |             |
| cadmium hydroxide; cadmium dihydroxide<br>氢氧化镉                                                                                                            | 048-013-00-0    | 244-168-5     | 21041-95-2     |             |
| cadmium nitrate;<br>cadmium dinitrate<br>硝酸镉                                                                                                              | 048-014-00-6    | 233-710-6     | 10325-94-7     |             |
| formaldehyde ...%<br>甲醛                                                                                                                                   | 605-001-00-5    | 200-001-8     | 50-00-0        |             |
| Anthraquinone<br>蒽醌                                                                                                                                       | 606-151-00-4    | 201-549-0     | 84-65-1        |             |
| N,N'-methylenedimorpholine;<br>N,N'-methylenebismorpholine;<br>双吗啉甲烷<br>[formaldehyde released from N,N'-methylenebismorpholine];<br>[双吗啉甲烷甲醛释放]<br>[MBM] | 607-721-00-5    | 227-062-3     | 5625-90-1      |             |



Regulation & Laws

| Substances<br>物质                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Index No<br>索引号 | EC No<br>EC 号 | CAS No<br>CAS号 | Notes<br>注释 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2);<br>多聚甲醛和2 -羟丙胺反应产物(3:2比例)<br>[formaldehyde released from 3,3'-methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine];<br>[3,3'-亚甲基双(5-甲基恶唑啉)甲醛释放]<br>formaldehyde released from oxazolidin];<br>[唑烷甲醛释放]<br>[MBO] | 612-290-00-1    |               |                |             |
| reaction products of paraformaldehyde with 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 1:1);<br>多聚甲醛和2 -羟丙胺反应产物(1:1比例)<br>[formaldehyde released from α,α,α-trimethyl-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5(2H,4H,6H)-triethanol];<br>A,A',A''-三甲基-1,3,5-三嗪-1,3,5(2H,4H,6H)-三乙醇<br>[HPT]                  | 612-291-00-7    |               |                |             |
| Methylhydrazine<br>甲基胂                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 612-292-00-2    | 200-471-4     | 60-34-4        |             |

3. In Appendix 4 (for Entry 29 - Mutagens belonging to category 1B or 2), the following entries are inserted in the table:

附录4(条目29-属于第1B类或第2类的致诱变物质)中，以下条目新加入表格:

| Substances<br>物质                               | Index No<br>索引号 | EC No<br>EC 号 | CAS No<br>CAS号 | Notes<br>注释 |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| cadmium carbonate<br>碳酸镉                       | 048-012-00-5    | 208-168-9     | 513-78-0       |             |
| cadmium hydroxide; cadmium dihydroxide<br>氢氧化镉 | 048-013-00-0    | 244-168-5     | 21041-95-2     |             |
| cadmium nitrate;<br>cadmium dinitrate<br>硝酸镉   | 048-014-00-6    | 233-710-6     | 10325-94-7     |             |

4. In Appendix 6 (for Entry 30 - Reproductive toxicants belonging to category 1B or 2), the following entries are inserted in the table:  
附录6(条目30-属于第1B类或第2类的生殖毒性物质)中，以下条目新加入表格:

| Substances<br>物质                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Index No<br>索引号 | EC No<br>EC 号                           | CAS No<br>CAS号                                 | Notes<br>注释 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one                                                                                                                                                                            | 606-041-00-6    | 400-600-6                               | 71868-10-5                                     |             |
| 2,3-epoxypropyl methacrylate;<br>glycidyl methacrylate<br>甲基丙烯酸缩水甘油酯                                                                                                                                                                | 607-123-00-4    | 203-441-9                               | 106-91-2                                       |             |
| cyproconazole (ISO); (2RS,3RS;2RS,3SR)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-cyclopropyl-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol<br>环唑醇 ( ISO )                                                                                                          | 650-032-00-X    |                                         | 94361-06-5                                     |             |
| dibutyltin dilaurate; dibutyl[bis(dodecanoyloxy)]stannane<br>二月桂酸二丁基锡                                                                                                                                                               | 050-030-00-3    | 201-039-8                               | 77-58-7                                        |             |
| nonadecafluorodecanoic acid; [1]<br>全氟癸酸[1]<br>ammonium nonadecafluorodecanoate; [2]<br>全氟癸酸铵[2]<br>sodium nonadecafluorodecanoate [3]<br>全氟癸酸钠[3]                                                                                  | 607-720-00-X    | 206-400-3 [1]<br>221-470-5 [2]<br>- [3] | 335-76-2 [1]<br>3108-42-7 [2]<br>3830-45-3 [3] |             |
| triadimenol (ISO); (1RS,2RS;1RS,2SR)-1-(4-chlorophenoxy)-3,3-dimethyl-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol;<br>α-tert-butyl-β-(4-chlorophenoxy)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-ethanol<br>三唑醇<br>quinolin-8-ol;<br>8-hydroxyquinoline<br>8-羟基喹啉 | 613-324-00-8    | 205-711-1                               | 148-24-3                                       |             |
| thiacloprid (ISO); (Z)-3-(6-chloro-3-pyridylmethyl)-1,3-thiazolidin-2-ylidenecyanamide;<br>{(2Z)-3-[(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)methyl]-1,3-thiazolidin-2-ylidene}cyanamide<br>噻虫啉 ( ISO )                                                | 613-325-00-3    |                                         | 111988-49-9                                    |             |
| carbetamide (ISO); (R)-1-(ethylcarbamoyl)ethyl carbanilate; (2R)-1-(ethylamino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl phenylcarbamate<br>双酰草胺 ( ISO )                                                                                                    | 616-223-00-7    | 240-286-6                               | 16118-49-3                                     |             |

Note/备注

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Regulation on on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures  
注：CLP法规(EC)第1272 / 2008号:关于物质和混合物的分类、标签和包装的规定



## Regulation & Laws

### 3. Maine/USA-Approved Prohibition of the Sale and Distribution of New Upholstered Furniture Containing Certain Flame-retardant Chemicals (8/7/2017)

缅因州/美国-批准了含有阻燃剂的新垫装类家具产品销售和分销的禁令 (8/7/2017)

The State of Maine has passed a bill (H.P. 138 - L.D. 182) to approve an act of prohibition on the sale and distribution of new upholstered furniture containing certain flame-retardant chemicals. Here are the highlights:

缅因州通过了一个法案（ H.P. 138 -L.D. 182 ），批准了禁止含有阻燃剂的软垫家具产品销售和分销的禁令，下面是主要内容：

1. From January 1, 2019, a person may not sell or offer to sell or distribute for promotional purposes upholstered furniture containing in its fabric or other covering or in its cushioning materials more than 0.1% of a flame-retardant chemical or more than 0.1% of a mixture that includes flame-retardant chemicals.  
从2019年1月1日起，个人不准以促销为目的，销售或提供销售和分销软垫家具产品，如果其织物、外套或者垫装材料含有超过0.1%的一种阻燃剂或者总含量超过0.1%的几种阻燃剂。
2. The Restrictions do not apply to the following upholstered furniture products containing flame-retardant chemicals: 限制不适用于下面几种含有阻燃剂的软垫家具产品：
  - A. Used upholstered furniture 二手的软垫家具产品;
  - B. Upholstered furniture purchased for public use in public facilities, including, but not limited to, schools, jails and hospitals, that is required by another separated flammability requirement; 公共设施中的软垫家具，包括但不限于学校、监狱和医院用品，该类产品已有法规对其阻燃性做出要求；
  - C. New upholstered furniture otherwise subject to the prohibition that is sold, offered for sale or distributed for promotional purposes in the State by a retailer or wholesaler on or after January 1, 2019 and that was imported into the State or otherwise purchased or acquired by the retailer or wholesaler for sale or distribution in the State prior to January 1, 2019.  
从2019年1月1日起，零售商或批发商以促销为目的销售或提供销售和分销的新的软垫家具产品仍属于禁令范围，但是2019年1月1日前已经进入该州销售的产品不在限制中。

### 4. Malaysia - Import Control of Plastic Feeding Bottles (8/18/2017)

马来西亚-塑料奶瓶进口控制 (8/18/2017)

The Food Safety and Quality (FSQ) Division under the Ministry of Health (MOH) of Malaysia has published guidelines regarding import inspection requirements for plastic feeding bottles on 8 August 2017.

隶属于马来西亚卫生部的食品安全与质量部门于2017年8月8日发布了有关塑料奶瓶进口检测要求的文件.

Feeding bottles containing Bisphenol A (BPA), including those made of polycarbonate (which the repeating unit is BPA), shall be prohibited from import, manufacture and sale under Regulation 27A of Food Regulations 1985. However, the MOH inspectors are not able to identify the constituting plastic materials by physical inspection, especially when polycarbonate and some other plastic materials are indicated by the common Plastic Identification Code (PIC) No. 7 or “OTHER”.

含有双酚A,包括由聚碳酸酯(双酚A的聚合结构)组成的奶瓶, 依据1985食品法规中的第27A的要求,禁止进口,制造及销售。然而，马来西亚卫生部的检验人员无法通过物理检验来鉴定塑料材料，尤其当聚碳酸酯以及其他塑料材料使用了通用塑料标识码“7号”或“其他”。  
Therefore, the MOH shall implement the following import control measures with immediate effect:  
因此，马来西亚卫生部将实施以下控制进口的措施，此措施即刻生效。

### 5. India - Publication of Revised and New National Toy Standards (8/31/2017)

印度——新玩具标准的发布和修订 (8/31/2017)

1. Plastic feeding bottles labelled with PIC No. 7 or “OTHER”, and those without PIC indication shall be detained for BPA testing before the complying products are released for sale.  
塑料标识码为“7号”或“其他”的塑料奶瓶需要在允许销售前做双酚A的测试。
2. Plastic feeding bottles labelled with PIC No. 1-6 shall be allowed for import with occasional sampling by the MOH, but still the importers have to ensure compliance in any circumstances.  
塑料标识码为“1-6号”的塑料奶瓶通过马来西亚卫生部随机抽检后允许进口，但进口商必须保证在任何情况下产品质量是符合要求的。

The Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) has announced the publication of toy standards through Notifications S.O. 2792(E) and S.O. 2794(E). All standards shall be effective with immediate effect.

印度标准局（ BIS ）通过公告S.O. 2792(E) 以及S.O. 2794(E)宣布了玩具标准的出版。所有的玩具标准将立即生效。

Revised toy standards修订的玩具标准

| Standard number 标准号                                                          | Title 标题                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IS 9873 (Part 1):2017<br>(Identical to ISO 8124-1:2014)<br>等同ISO 8124-1:2014 | Safety of Toys Part 1 Safety Aspects Related to Mechanical and Physical Properties (Third Revision)<br>玩具安全第一部分-物理机械性能（第三次修订） |
| IS 9873 (Part 2):2017<br>(Identical to ISO 8124-2:2014)<br>等同ISO 8124-2:2014 | Safety of Toys Part 2 Flammability (Third Revision)<br>玩具安全第二部分-燃烧（第三次修订）                                                     |
| IS 9873 (Part 3):2017<br>(Identical to ISO 8124-3:2010)<br>等同ISO 8124-3:2014 | Safety of Toys Part 3 Migration of Certain Elements (Second Revision)<br>玩具安全第三部分-特定元素的迁移                                     |

Newly published toy standards新发布的玩具标准

| Standard number 标准号                                                          | Title 标题                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IS 9873 (Part 4):2017<br>(Identical to ISO 8124-4:2014)<br>等同ISO 8124-4:2014 | Safety of Toys Part 4 Swings, Slides and Similar Activity Toys for Indoor and Outdoor Family Domestic Use<br>玩具安全-第四部分-家用室内和室外使用的秋千，滑梯以及类似活动类玩具 |
| IS 9873 (Part 5):2017<br>(Identical to ISO 8124-5:2015)<br>等同ISO 8124-5:2014 | Safety of Toys Part 5 Determination of Total Concentration of Certain Elemental in Toys<br>玩具安全-第五部分-玩具中某些元素的总浓度的确定                             |
| IS 9873 (Part 6):2017<br>(Identical to ISO 8124-6:2014)<br>等同ISO 8124-6:2014 | Safety of Toys Part 6 Determination of Certain Phthalate Esters in Toys and Children's Products<br>玩具安全-第六部分-在玩具和儿童产品中苯二甲酸酯类酯的测定                |
| IS 9873 (Part 7):2017<br>(Identical to ISO 8124-7:2015)<br>等同ISO 8124-7:2014 | Safety of Toys Part 7 Requirements and Test Methods for Finger Paints<br>玩具安全-第七部分-指画颜料的要求和测试方法                                                 |

Additional Information其他信息

1. According to the Indian Trade Classification (Harmonised System) [ITC(HS)] Import Policy, toys shall demonstrate their conformity by the following two types of certificates:  
根据印度贸易分类(协调系统)(ITC(HS))进口政策,通过如下两种方式来证明玩具符合要求
- a) Certificate showing conformity with toy standards证书证明符合玩具标准要求
- ASTM F963 or
  - ISO 8124 Parts 1-3 or
  - IS 9873 Parts 1-3 or
  - EN 71 Parts 1-3
- a) Certificate of Conformance issued by the manufacturer declaring that representative toy samples have been tested by an independent ILAC MRA-accredited laboratory and met the specifications of the above standards.  
制造商出具的合格证明，证明玩具样品经过具有独立ILAC MRA-资质的实验室测试并且符合上面标准的要求。

1. EU New Published Stand EN14988-2017 for Children's high chairs - Requirements and test methods  
欧盟发布标准EN14988-2017 - 儿童高脚椅的要求和测试方法

We informed you that European Technical Committee has published New Standard EN14988:2017 on 2017-07-12  
This standard is comes into effect on 2018-01-31 but latest date by which an EN has to be implemented at national level is 2018-07-31

This European Standard specifies safety requirements for free standing children's high chairs that elevate children to dining table height usually for the purposes of feeding or eating. Children's high chairs are for children up to 3 years of age who are capable of sitting unaided.

This document contains the following main modifications in comparison to the previous versions:  
— EN 14988-1:2006+A1:2012 and EN 14988-2:2006+A1:2012 have been merged into one single document;  
— modifications necessary to comply with European Decision 2013/121/EU;  
— addition of a dynamic strength test;  
— inclusion of specific requirements for high chair with more than two castors/wheels;  
— improvement of restraint system requirements to require a passive crotch restraint for products with a horizontal component in front of the baby.  
— complete review of the standard in a hazard base format;

欧盟技术委员会于2017年7月12日，发布了新标准EN14988-2017版  
此标准将在2018年1月31日生效，半年过渡期，最晚执行时间为2018年7月31日

EN14988适用于自由站立的，用于让儿童升高能够到餐桌，以便于儿童自己吃，或让家长喂食的高脚椅。  
儿童高脚椅适用年龄段为从儿童能独立坐起直至3岁为止。

--此文件和旧版本相比，包含以下主要修改方面：  
--将旧版EN14988-1要求和旧版EN14988-2测试方法合并成一个文件。  
--与2013/121/EU号决议要求保持一致性  
--新加了动态强度的测试  
--加入了针对有2个以上脚轮的高脚椅的特殊要求  
--提升对于束缚系统的要求，要求被动束缚系统在儿童前方需要有一个水平横杆类的组件。  
--以危害的角度，全面重写了标准；



2. New American standard ASTM F 963-17 Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Toy Safety published  
美国发布消费者安全规范-玩具安全标准ASTM F963-17

We inform you that the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) has published the new version standard ASTM F963-17 for Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Toy Safety On August 24, 2017. Under the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act (CPSIA) it becomes mandatory within 180 days of publication, unless rejected by the US CPSC within 90 days. 2017年8月24日，美国材料和试验协会ASTM发布了消费者安全规范-玩具安全ASTM F963-17。根据CPSIA的规定，如果在发布后90天内CPSC没有反对，ASTM F963-17将在发布180天后成为强制标准。

The only substantive revision was for the stored energy projectile toys as highlighted below:  
最本质的更新就是针对如下标识的储能弹射玩具的要求：  
4.21.2.3 Projectiles that have a kinetic energy greater than 0.08 J when tested in accordance with 8.14.5 \*shall not have a kinetic energy per unit area of contact, also known as Kinetic Energy Density (KED) greater than 2500 J/m2 when tested according to in accordance with 8.14.6.  
根据8.14.5测试方法当弹射物测试产品弹射物的动能大于0.08J\*，弹射物的单位面积的动能KED依照8.14.6的测试方法要求不能大于2500 J/m2

\*new added 新增条件  
The revision was required due to omission of the qualifying text during 2016 revision due to error in last balloting. The CPSC staff was made aware of this and they had taken above information in to their enforcement discretion. So as far as the requirements are concerned the publication of 2017 standard should not have any impact.  
最新版本ASTM F963-17的修订是由于ASTM F 963-16在最后投票中的失误导致版本中文字遗漏的修改由于在最后投票中的失误，因为 2016版本里面 达标的文字的遗漏 这个版本才被要求由于在最后投票中的失误，因为 2016版本里面 达标的文字的遗漏 这个版本才被要求由于在最后投票中的失误，因为 2016版本里面 达标的文字的遗漏 这个版本才被要求由于在最后投票中的失误，因为 2016版本里面 达标的文字的遗漏 这个版本才被要求。CPSC已经意识到这个问题并对上面的信息执行自由裁量权（详见附件邮件）。所以ASTM F 963-17并没有实质的影响内容。

3. New ASTM standard Published F3186:2017 - Standard Specification for Adult Portable Bed Rails and Related Products  
ASTM发布了一份全新的标准F3186 成人便携式床围栏及相关产品的安全性规范

We informed you that American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) published new standard ASTM F3186:2017 - Standard Specification for Adult Portable Bed Rails and Related Products, This safety specification establishes performance requirements, this is the first published the new standard.  
ASTM发布了一份全新的标准F3186 成人便携式床围栏及相关产品的安全性规范，是第一次发布的新标准。

This standard is applicable to any such product (as defined below) that is not designed as part of the bed by the bed manufacturer, and is installed on, against or adjacent to the side of an adult bed and is for use by adults to reduce the risk of falling from the bed, assist in repositioning in the bed, assist in transitioning into or out of the bed, or other similar purposes as stated by the manufacturer.  
本标准适用于非成品床的一部分且安装在成人床边或不利位置的围栏，目的是供成年人使用过程中减少从床上跌倒的风险，协助成人在床上挪动或躺到床上、及工厂宣称的其他类似用途。

This safety specification does not cover guardrails or side rails intended for use on FDA regulated hospital beds, or portable rails for children which are included in Consumer Safety Specification F1821 for toddler beds, Consumer Safety Specification F2085 for portable bed rails for children, or IEC 60601-2-52 for medical beds.  
这个安全规范不包括食品及药物管理局FDA监管的病床护栏或围栏，消费者安全规范ASTM F1821初学步儿童床的便携式围栏，消费者安全规范ASTM F2085便携式儿童床围栏，IEC 60601-2-52医疗床。

欧盟 Euro Union



欧盟-食品容器 EU-Food Contact Material



美国 United State



加拿大 Canada



澳大利亚 Australia



中国 China





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