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编辑团队联系方式

Dennis Zhang

电话：021-53396292

邮箱：dennis.zhang@intertek.com

网址：www.intertek.com.cn

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1. Argentina - Approved Prohibition of Some Products Containing Added Mercury (3/1/2019)

阿根廷 - 批准禁止某些含有添加汞的产品
(3/1/2019)

The Secretariat of Environmental Governance and Sustainable Development of Argentina has published Resolution 75/2019 to prohibit the manufacture, import and export of products with added mercury from 1 January, 2020.

阿根廷环境治理和可持续发展秘书处发布了第75/2019号决议，禁止从2020年1月1日起生产、进口和出口含汞的产品。

List of prohibited products

1. Batteries, except silver oxide button cells with a mercury content of less than 2 % and button zinc air cells with a mercury content of less than 2 %
2. Switches and relays, except high accuracy capacitance and loss measurement bridges and high frequency radio frequency switches and relays in monitoring and control instruments with a maximum mercury content of 20 mg per bridge, switch or relay
3. Compact fluorescent lamps (CFL) for general lighting use that are less than or equal to 30 watts with a mercury content greater than 5 mg per lamp burner
4. Linear fluorescent lamps (LFL) for general lighting use:
 - a) Triband phosphor of less than 60 watts with a mercury content greater than 5 mg per lamp
 - b) Halophosphate phosphor of less than or equal to 40 watts with a mercury content greater than 10 mg per lamp
5. High pressure mercury vapor lamps (HPMV) for general lighting applications
6. Mercury in cold cathode fluorescent lamps and external electrode fluorescent lamps (CCFL and EEFL) for electronic screens:
 - a) Short length (less than or equal to 500 mm) with mercury content greater than 3.5 mg per lamp
 - b) Medium length (greater than 500 mm and less than or equal to 1500 mm) with mercury content greater than 5 mg per lamp
 - c) Long length (greater than 1 500 mm) with a mercury content greater than 13 mg per lamp
7. Pesticides, biocides and antiseptics for topical use
8. The following non-electronic measuring devices, with the exception of non-electronic measuring devices installed in large-scale equipment or those used for high precision measurement, when no suitable mercury-free alternative is available:
 - a) Barometers
 - b) Hygrometers
 - c) Manometers
 - d) Thermometers

禁止产品清单

1. 电池, 梅含量低于2%的氧化银纽扣电池和梅含量低于2%纽扣汞锌空气电池
2. 开关和继电器, 除了高精度电容和损耗测量电桥和高频射频开关和监控和控制仪表中的继电器和每个电桥、开关或继电器的最大梅含量为20 mg
3. 用于一般照明用途的紧凑型荧光灯(CFL) 小于或等于30瓦, 每个灯头的梅含量大于5毫克
4. 线性荧光灯(LFL) 用于一般照明用途:
 - a) 三频荧光粉的功率小于60瓦, 每个灯的梅含量大于5毫克
 - b) 卤磷酸盐磷光体小于或等于40瓦, 每个灯的梅含量大于10毫克
5. 用于一般照明应用的高压汞蒸汽灯(HPMV)
6. 用于电子屏幕的冷阴极荧光灯和外电极荧光灯(CCFL和EEFL) 中的梅
7. 局部使用的农药, 生物杀灭剂和防腐剂
8. 以下非电子测量设备, 除非安装在大型设备中的非电子测量设备或用于高精度测量的设备, 否则没有合适的无汞替代品:
 - a) 气压计
 - b) 湿度计
 - c) 压力计
 - d) 温度计

Exemptions

1. Products which obtained exemption in terms of Article 6(1)(a) of the Minamata Convention
2. Essential products for military and civil protection purposes
3. Products for research, calibration of instruments, for use as reference standard
4. Spare parts, switches and relays, cold cathode fluorescent lamps and external electrode fluorescent lamps (CCFL and EEFL) for electronic displays, and measuring devices when no viable mercury alternatives are available
5. Products used in traditional or religious practices
6. Vaccines containing thimerosal as a preservative

禁止产品清单

1. 根据“水俣公约”第6(1) (a) 条获得豁免的产品
2. 用于军事和民事保护目的的基本产品
3. 用于研究, 仪器校准的产品, 用作参考标准
4. 用于电子显示器的备件, 开关和继电器, 冷阴极荧光灯和外部电极荧光灯(CCFL和EEFL), 以及没有可用的汞替代品时的测量装置
5. 用于传统或宗教活动的产品
6. 疫苗含有硫柳汞作为防腐剂

**2. Taiwan - Approved Amendment to
Mandatory Inspection Requirements for
Bicycles for Young Children (3/6/2019)**

**台湾- 批准儿童自行车的强制检查要求
的修订提议 (3/6/2019)**

The Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) of Taiwan has approved the amendment to "Inspection Standards of Bicycles for Young Children Subject to Mandatory Inspection" under the BSMI Notice No. 10820000540, which shall enter into force already. Here are the highlights:

台湾标准、计量检验局 (BSMI) 已批准《标准、计量、检查人员条例草案》10820000540号《规定的规定》对《重检幼儿自行车检验标准》的修订, 该修正案已生效。以下是重点:

1. The inspection requirements are proposed as below, in which CNS 15138-1 has been removed and CNS 15503 is updated from 2012 to 2018 edition:

| Item | Testing standards |
|--|--|
| Bicycles for young children (having a maximum saddle height between 435 mm and 635 mm, propelled by a transmitted drive to the rear wheel) | 1. CNS 14976 2. CNS 15503: section 4.5.1 Phthalates plasticizers (2018 edition) |

1. 检查要求如下, 其中人民币15138-1 被删除, NNS 15503 于2012年至2018年版更新:

| Item | Testing standards |
|--|--|
| 幼儿自行车 (最大鞍座高度在435毫米至635毫米之间, 由传递的驱动驱动后轮推进) | 1. CNS 14976 2. CNS 15503: 邻苯二甲酸酯增塑剂 (2018年版) |

2. From 23 February 2019, all bicycles for young children shall be inspected according to the revised standards. The inspection method shall be either Monitoring Inspection or Registration of Product Certification (RPC) Scheme (Module II + Module III)

2. 从2019年2月23日起, 幼儿的所有自行车均应按照修订后的标准进行检查。检验方法为产品认证 (RPC) 计划的监测检查或注册 (模块 II + 模块 iii)

3. Registration of Product Certification (RPC) Scheme arrangement

- a) New RPC applicants shall apply for certification according to the revised requirements from the date of publication. Certificates that are issued to successful applicants shall be valid for 3 years
- b) Certificates issued in compliance with current RPC requirements shall be valid during the originally designated period. Certificate holders may apply for certificate extension or re-apply the certificate, provided that test reports are submitted to show compliance with the current requirements

3. 产品认证 (RPC) 计划安排的注册安排

- a) 新的 RPC 申请人应根据自公布之日起修订后的计划安排申请认证。发给成功申请人的证书有效期为 3 年
- b) 按照现行 RPC 要求签发的证书应在最初指定的期间内有效。证书持有人可以申请证书延期或重新申请证书，但必须提交测试报告以表明符合当前要求。

Note: 备注：

1. CNS 14976 Cycles - Safety requirements for bicycles for young children (publication date: 24 February 2006)
1. CNS 14976 循环-幼儿自行车的安全要求 (出版日期: 2006年2月24日)
2. CNS 15503 General safety requirements for children's products (publication date: 18 October 2018)
2. CNS 15503 儿童产品的一般安全要求 (出版日期: 2018年10月18日)
3. CNS 15138-1 Method of test for determination of phthalates plasticizers in plastic products - Part 1: Gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (publication date: 14 June 2012)
3. CNS 15138-1 塑料制品中邻苯二甲酸酯增塑剂的测定试验方法. 第1部分: 气相色谱法/质谱分析 (出版日期: 2012年6月14日)

3. Thailand - Proposed Mandatory Standard on Melamine-formaldehyde, Urea-formaldehyde and Melamine-urea-formaldehyde Food Utensils (3/7/2019)

泰国 - 关于三聚氰胺 - 甲醛 , 脲醛和三聚氰胺 - 脲 - 甲醛食品餐具的强制性标准
(3/7/2019)

The Thai Industrial Standards Institute (TISI) has proposed a new mandatory standard on Melamine-formaldehyde, Urea-formaldehyde and Melamine-urea-formaldehyde Utensils for Food: Safety Requirements (TIS 2921 - 25XX(20XX)). Here are the highlights:

泰国工业标准协会 (TISI) 提出了一项关于三聚氰胺 - 甲醛 , 脲 - 甲醛和三聚氰胺 - 尿素 - 甲醛食品餐具的新强制性标准：安全要求 (TIS 2921 - 25XX (20XX))。以下是亮点：

Scope

This standard covers food contact containers and utensils which are made of thermosetting plastic derived from polymerization involving formaldehyde.

范围

本标准包括由甲醛聚合产生的热固性塑料制成的食品接触容器和器具。

Safety requirements

1. Materials

Products shall be made of the following materials

- a) Resin of food grade quality

The resin shall be proved by quality certification or analysis results from a reliable institution or agency accepted by TISI.

- b) Core materials, including coating materials shall be

- i. Melamine-formaldehyde (MF)
- ii. Urea-formaldehyde (UF)

- iii. Melamine-urea-formaldehyde (MUF)

The materials shall be analyzed to comply with TIS 656

- c) Colours used for printing on and mixing in plastic, which are suitable for food contact

The colours shall be proved by quality certification or analysis results from a reliable institution or agency accepted by TISI.

安全要求

1. 材料

产品应由下列材料制成：

- a) 食品级树脂

树脂应由TISI认可的可靠机构或机构的质量认证或分析结果证明。

- b) 核心材料, 包括涂层材料:

- i. 三聚氰胺 - 甲醛 (MF)
- ii. 脲醛 (UF)

- iii. 三聚氰胺 - 脲 - 甲醛 (MUF)

材料应按照TIS 656进行分析。

c) 用于在塑料上印刷和混合的颜色,适合与食物接触
颜色应由TISI认可的可靠机构或机构的质量认证或分析结果证明。

2. Features 特性

a) Resistance to sulfuric acid 耐硫酸性

The product shall be tested in accordance with Section 8.2 of the standard. There shall be no abnormal characteristics that may be detrimental to the use, such as spots, blemishes, blistering, colour disappearance or fading after testing.
产品应按照标准第8.2条进行测试。不得有任何可能对使用有害的异常特征,如斑点、瑕疵、起泡、颜色消失或测试后褪色。

b) Resistance to boiling water耐沸水

The product shall be tested in accordance with Section 8.3 of the standard. There shall be no abnormal characteristics that may be detrimental to the use, such as spots, blemishes, blistering, colour disappearance or fading after testing.
产品应按照标准第8.3节进行测试。不得有任何可能对使用有害的异常特征,如斑点,瑕疵,起泡,颜色消失或测试后褪色。

c) Amount of dissolved substances溶解物质的量

Products shall meet the following criteria when analyzed with the conditions specified in the standard:
在按照标准规定的条件进行分析时,产品应符合以下标准:

| Test item 测试项目 | Simulant 模拟液 | Migration limit 迁移限量 | Analysis method 测试方法 |
|---|---|-------------------------|--|
| Evaporation residue 蒸发残渣 | 3 % m/v acetic acid 3% m/v 醋酸 | ≤ 10 mg/dm ² | EN 1186-3 EN 1186-9 |
| Heavy metal 重金属 | 3 % m/v acetic acid Testing standards 3% m/v 醋酸 | Aluminium 铝 | ≤ 1 mg/kg |
| | | Barium 钡 | ≤ 1 mg/kg |
| | | Cobalt 钴 | ≤ 0.05 mg/kg |
| | | Copper 铜 | ≤ 5 mg/kg |
| | | Iron 铁 | ≤ 48 mg/kg |
| | | Lithium 锂 | ≤ 0.6 mg/kg |
| | | Manganese 锰 | ≤ 0.6 mg/kg |
| | | Zinc 锌 | ≤ 5 mg/kg |
| | | Nickel 镍 | ≤ 0.02 mg/kg |
| Formaldehyde 甲醛 | 3 % m/v acetic acid 3% m/v 醋酸 | ≤ 15 mg/kg | Section 8.5 of the standard 标准当中 8.5 部分 |
| Melamine (1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6 triamine) 三聚氰胺 (1,3,5-三嗪-2,4,6三胺) | 3 % m/v acetic acid 3% m/v 醋酸 | ≤ 2.5 mg/kg | Section 8.6 of the standard 标准当中 8.6 部分 |

3. Packaging 包装

If not otherwise specified, containers and utensils shall be wrapped or packed in strong and clean packaging to prevent scratches, cracks, deformation or breakage that may occur during transportation or storage.

如无特别说明,容器和器具应用坚固、清洁的包装包装或包装,以防止在运输或储存过程中出现划伤、裂缝、变形或破损。

Labelling requirement 标签要求

1. The following information shall be included in the product, wrapping or packaging material in a clearly visible manner, all in the same size:

产品、包装或包装材料应以清晰可见的方式包含以下信息,且尺寸相同:

a) Product name according to the standard or other names that can convey the meaning of the product denoted in the standard

按照本标准命名的产品名称或者能够表达本标准所述产品含义的其他名称

b) Types of materials and surface coating materials used, such as ~~เมลาเมิน - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์~~ (Meaning: melamine-formaldehyde), ~~เมลาเมิน - ยารียา - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์~~ (Meaning: melamine-urea-formaldehyde), ~~ยารียา - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์ เคสิลอนพีวีดีวาย เมลาเมิน - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์~~ (Meaning: urea-formaldehyde coated with melamine-formaldehyde)

类型的材料和表面涂层材料,如~~เมลาเมิน - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์~~(含义:三聚氰胺甲醛),~~เมลาเมิน - ยารียา - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์~~(含义:三聚氰胺-尿素-甲醛),~~ยารียา - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์ เคสิลอนพีวีดีวาย เมลาเมิน - ฟอร์มาลดีไฮด์~~(脲醛涂上三聚氰胺甲醛);

c) Size in millimetres (mm) or centimetres (cm), capacity in cubic millimetres (mm³) or cubic centimetres (cm³) or liters (L), as appropriate

体积(毫米)或厘米(厘米),容量(立方米)或立方米(立方厘米)或升(升),视乎情况而定

d) Quantity 数量

e) The following messages 下面的消息:

i. ~~ห้ามใช้บรรจุอาหารหรือของเหลวที่มีอุณหภูมิสูงกว่า 100 องศาเซลเซียส (°C)~~ (Meaning: Do not use to contain food or liquid with temperatures above 100 degrees Celsius (°C));(含义:请勿用于含有温度超过100摄氏度(°C)的食物或液体)

ii. ~~ห้ามใช้บรรจุอาหารที่มีความเป็นกรด-ด่าง ต่ำกว่า 2.4~~ (Meaning: Do not use to contain food with acidity below pH 2.4);(意思:不要用于pH值低于2.4的食物)

iii. ~~ไม่แนะนำให้ใช้ในเตาไมโครเวฟ~~ (Meaning: Not recommended for use in microwave ovens)(意思:不建议用于微波炉)

f) Instructions for use (if any) 使用说明(如有)

g) Month and year of production and model code 月、年生产及型号代码

h) Name of factory owner or registered trademark 厂主名称或者注册商标

i) Country of production. 原产国

2. The following details shall be embossed clearly on the plastic surface of the containers and utensils and the lid (if any) in a clearly visible manner:

容器及器皿的塑胶表面及盖子(如有的话)应以清晰可见的方式清楚地印上下列细节:

a) Product name according to the standard or other names that can convey the meaning of the product denoted in the standard

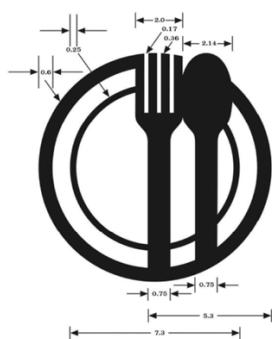
按照本标准命名的产品名称或者能够表达本标准所述产品含义的其他名称

b) Types of materials used 使用的材料种类

c) Operating temperature “~~100 องศาเซลเซียส~~” Meaning: 100 degrees Celsius (°C) 工作温度100°C

d) The symbol shown below indicating “safe for food contact” and not harmful to health. It can be in any size or colour, but the parts shall be in proportion.

图示“食物接触安全”及“不危害健康”的标志。它可以是任何大小或颜色,但各部分应按比例。



3. In the case of using a foreign language for labelling, it shall have the same meaning as the Thai language specified above.

使用外国文字标识的，其含义应当与上述泰国文相同。

Note: 备注：

- Thermosetting plastic material refers to polymer with a chemical structure that is permanently transformed by the heat-forming process and after the transformation and then re-melted or molded again
 - 热固性塑料材料是指具有化学结构的聚合物，该化学结构通过热成型过程和转化后永久转变，然后再次熔化或再次模塑
- Polymerization reaction refers to the interaction between the molecules of the monomer, causing a large molecule with repeated structures, or may use other substances in the reaction such as formaldehyde to melamine-formaldehyde, urea-formaldehyde or melamine-urea-formaldehyde
 - 聚合反应是指单体分子之间的相互作用，导致大分子具有重复结构，或者可能在反应中使用其他物质如甲醛，三聚氰胺 - 甲醛，脲醛或三聚氰胺 - 脲 - 甲醛
- TIS 656-2556 (2013): Methods of analysis for plastics products used for food contact
 - TIS656-2556 (2013) :用于食品接触的塑料制品的分析方法
- EN 1186-3:2002: Materials and articles in contact with foodstuffs - Plastics - Part 3: Test methods for overall migration into aqueous food simulants by total immersion
 - EN1186-3:2002:与食品接触的材料和物品 - 塑料 - 第3部分:通过完全浸没整体迁移到水性食品模拟物中的试验方法
- EN 1186-9:2002: Materials and articles in contact with foodstuffs - Plastics - Part 9: Test methods for overall migration into aqueous food simulants by article filling
 - EN1186-9:2002:与食品接触的材料和物品 - 塑料 - 第9部分:通过物品填充整体迁移到水性食品模拟物中的试验方法

4. Taiwan - Approved Amendments to the "Categories and Management of Handling for Toxic Chemical Substances" (3/14/2019)

台湾-批准《有害化学物质分类及管理》的修正案 (3/14/2019)

The Environmental Protection Administration (EPA) of Taiwan has approved the amendments on certain provisions in "Categories and Management of Handling for Toxic Chemical Substances" under the Notice No. 1088000090, which concern PBDEs, Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene and Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins. This notice has already come into force. The new provisions are listed below:

台湾环保署发布公告No. 1088000090, 批准《有害化学物质分类及管理》中部分条款的修订案, 涉及多溴联苯醚、六氯丁二烯和短链氯化石蜡。此公告已实施。新的条款内容如下所列:

| Substance name 化学物质名称 | CAS No. | Restrictions 限制 | Exemptions 豁免 |
|--|-------------|--|--|
| Decabromobiphenyl Ether 十溴联苯醚 | 1163-19-5 | <p>Prohibit to use in additives for plastic housings and components of household appliances, such as household heating appliances, irons, fans, immersion heaters, which the concentration is greater than 10 % by weight;</p> <p>作为添加剂使用，禁止在家用电器的塑料外壳和部件中的含量超过 10%，如家用加热设备、电熨斗、电风扇和浸没式加热器。</p> <p>Prohibit to use in clothing and toys. 禁止用于玩具和服装中。</p> | <p>Research, testing and education; 研究、测试和教育；</p> <p>Production of vehicle components specified in the Notice before 31 December 2035; 在 2035 年 12 月 31 日前用于公告列出的汽车部件产品的生产；</p> <p>Production of aircrafts and their components authorized before 31 December 2018 under the Stockholm Convention, and the production shall take place before 31 December 2022. These components can be used until the expiration of the useful life of the aircraft;</p> <p>用于在 2022 年 12 月 31 日前生产的经斯德哥尔摩公约批准的航空产品及部件。这些航空产品部件可以在航空器的生命期中使用；</p> <p>Textile products with flame retardant property; 具有阻燃特点的纺织品；</p> <p>Additives for plastic housings and components of household appliances, such as household heating appliances, irons, fans, immersion heaters, which the concentration is lower than 10 % by weight;</p> <p>作为添加剂使用，在家用电器的塑料外壳和部件中的含量小于 10%，如家用加热设备、电熨斗、电风扇和浸没式加热器；</p> <p>Polyurethane foam that are used as heat insulation for buildings. 用于建筑物保温的聚氨酯泡沫。</p> |
| Octabromodiphenyl ether 八溴联苯醚 | 32536-52-0 | Prohibit to use as flame retardant in electronic products since 1 January 2016. | Research, testing and education; 研究、测试和教育； |
| Pentabromodiphenyl ether 五溴联苯醚 | 32534-81-9 | 从 2016 年 1 月 1 日起，禁止作为阻燃剂使用在电子产品中。 | Registered or approved use as flame retardant in electronic products until the expiration date of the registration or approval. 在注册或批准的失效期之前，作为已注册或批准的电子产品用阻燃剂使用。 |
| 2,2',4,4'-tetrabromodiphenyl ether 四溴联苯醚 | 5436-43-1 | | |
| 2,2',4,4',5,5'-hexabromodiphenyl ether 2,2',4,4',5,5'-六溴联苯醚 | 68631-49-2 | | |
| 2,2',4,4',5,6'-hexabromodiphenyl ether 2,2',4,4',5,6'-六溴联苯醚 | 207122-15-4 | | |
| 2,2',3,3',4,5',6'-heptabromodiphenyl ether 2,2',3,3',4,5',6-七溴联苯醚 | 446255-22-7 | | |
| 2,2',3,4,4',5,6'-heptabromodiphenyl ether 2,2',3,4,4',5,6-七溴联苯醚 | 207122-16-5 | | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene 六氯丁二烯 | 87-68-3 | Prohibit to manufacture, import, sale and use. 禁止生产、进口、销售和使用 | Research, testing and education. 研究、测试和教育。 |

| | | | |
|---|------------|---|---|
| Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (SCCPs) 短链氯化石蜡 | 85535-84-8 | Prohibit to use in toys and children's products. 禁止生产、进口、销售和使用 | Research, testing and education; 研究、测试和教育； Additives used in manufacture of conveyor belts by the natural and synthetic rubber industry; 作为添加剂，用于天然和合成橡胶工业的传送带的生产中； Components of conveyor belts that are used in mining and forestry; 用于矿产和林业用传送带的零部件中； Fat liquor for leather industry; 皮革工业的油乳液； Additives of lubricants for engines; 发动机润滑油的添加剂； Light bulbs and fluorescent tubes for outdoor decorations; 室外装饰用灯泡和荧光灯管； Water-proof and fire retardant coatings; 防水和防火涂层； Adhesive; 黏胶剂； Metal processing; 金属加工； Plasticizer of soft PVC. 软 PVC 中的塑化剂。 |
|---|------------|---|---|

5. China - Draft GB Standard for Wooden Toothpicks (3/15/2019)

中国-草拟了木质牙签的国家标准 (2019年3月15日)

The State Administration for Market Regulation (SAMR) and the Standardization Administration of China (SAC) has proposed a GB standard for wooden toothpicks. The proposed requirements are as follows:

国家市场管理局和标准化管理委员会提议制定木质牙签的国家标准，提议包含以下要求：

Mandatory microbial restrictions 强制微生物限量

| Test item 测试项目 | Specification 规定 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Coliform 大肠杆菌 | ND / 50 cm ² |
| Pathogenic bacteria 致病菌 | ND / 50 cm ² |
| Mould 霉菌 | ≤ 50 CFU/g |

Voluntary requirements 推荐性要求

The standard also contains voluntary provisions on: 标准也包括了推荐性条款，例如：

- a. Raw materials 原材料
- b. Dimensions 尺寸
- c. Appearance 外观
- d. Organoleptic properties 感官性能
- e. Water content 含水量
- f. Packaging requirements 包装要求
- g. Labelling requirements 标识要求

6. Egypt - Approved to Mandate Standards for Certain Products (3/19/2019)

埃及-批准了一些产品的强制标准 (2019年3月19日)

The Ministry of Trade and Industry has issued Ministerial Decree No.102/2019 and No.103/2019 to mandate Egyptian standards for certain products including glass tableware, chalk, baby carriage, toys, tooth brushes and sunglasses.

埃及贸易和工业部发布部长令102/2019和103/2019, 对特定产品实行强制标准要求, 包括玻璃食具、粉笔、婴儿推车、玩具、牙刷和太阳眼镜。

According to the Decrees, manufacturers and importers shall comply with the following standards on 7 September 2019:

根据法令, 从2019年9月7日起, 制造商和进口商应该确保产品符合下面的标准要求:

1. ES 1869 Glass tableware 玻璃食具
2. ES 8221 Chalk 粉笔
3. ES 8220 Child care articles - Baby carriage - safety requirements and test methods 儿童护理产品-手推车的安全要求和测试方法
4. ES 3123-1 Safety of toys - Part 1: Mechanical and physical properties 玩具安全-第一部分:物理和机械性能
5. ES 1661-1 Tooth brushes - Part 1: Requirements and test methods 牙刷-第一部分:要求和测试方法
6. ES 1661-2 Tooth brushes - Part 2: Determination of stiffness of the tufted area 牙刷-第二部分:刷毛的硬度判断
7. ES 3189-1 Eye and face protectors - Sunglasses and related eye protectors - Part 1: sunglasses for general use 目部和面部保护装置-太阳镜和相关目部保护装置

7. Anchorage/Alaska/USA - Approved Restricting Flame Retardants in Certain Consumer Products (3/26/2019)

安克雷奇/阿拉斯加州/美国 - 批准限制某些消费品中的阻燃剂 (3/26/2019)

The Municipality of Anchorage of Alaska has approved an ordinance AO No. 2019-15(S) to restrict flame retardants in some consumer products. The restrictions shall apply from 1 January 2020.

阿拉斯加州安克雷奇市政府批准了一项法令AO No. 2019-15 (S), 以限制某些消费品中的阻燃剂。限制自2020年1月1日起适用。

After 1 January 2020, no person shall manufacture, sell, offer for sale, or distribute within the municipality any covered product that contains, or a constituent component of which contains, a restricted flame retardant chemical at levels above 1000 ppm.

在2020年1月1日之后, 任何人不得在市政当局内生产, 销售, 或分发任何含有或含有限量阻燃化学品含量超过1000 ppm的有盖产品。

Covered products 覆盖产品

The ordinance shall apply to: 法令适用于

- a) Upholstered and reupholstered furniture 软垫及软垫家具
- b) Juvenile products 青少年产品
- c) Any component (internal or external) of the above products has been made with or contains a flame retardant chemical

上述产品的任何组分(内部或外部)均由阻燃化学品制成或含有阻燃化学品

Covered products do not include: 覆盖产品不包括

- a) Used or second-hand furniture that is not reupholstered 未经重新填充的二手家具
- b) Used or second-hand juvenile products 二手青少年产品
- c) Products that are not primarily intended for use in the home, such as products or components for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or other vehicles
不主要用于家庭的产品,如汽车、船舶、飞机或其他车辆的产品或组件
- d) Child restraint systems, as regulated under 49 CFR Part 571; or
49 CFR第571部分规定的儿童约束系统;或
- e) The following electronics: 以下电子设备:
 - i) Electronic products 电子产品
 - ii) Electronic components of upholstered furniture, reupholstered furniture, or juvenile products
软垫家具、再抛光家具或少年产品的电子元件
 - iii) Any associated casing for those electronic products
这些电子产品的任何相关外壳

Moreover, the restrictions shall not apply to: 此外,这些限制不适用于:

- a) The sale, offer for sale, or distribution of a covered product by a retailer who purchased or acquired the product before 1 January 2020
在2020年1月1日之前购买或购买覆盖产品的零售商销售、或分销覆盖产品。
- b) Any transactional activity involving a covered product that occurs subsequent to the first sale at retail
涉及覆盖产品的任何交易活动,发生在首次零售销售之后。
- c) A person granted a waiver from compliance with the ordinance by the department
获该署豁免遵从该条例的人。

Restricted flame retardants 限制性阻燃剂

The restricted flame retardants include, but not limited to: 限制性阻燃剂包括但不限于:

- a) Halogenated, organophosphorus, organonitrogen, or nanoscale flame retardant chemicals
卤化、有机磷、有机氮或纳米级阻燃化学品
- b) Penta or octa mixtures of polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs), deca mixture of PBDEs, or decabromodiphenyl ether
多溴二苯醚(PBDES)的五或八种混合物、PBDES的十种混合物或十溴二苯醚
- c) Antimony 锑
- d) Chemicals defined as “designated chemicals” under Section 105440 of the California Health and Safety Code
根据《加利福尼亚健康与安全法》第105440节定义为“指定化学品”的化学品
- e) Chemicals listed on the Washington State's list of Chemicals of High Concern to Children
列入华盛顿州儿童高度关注化学品清单的化学品

Labelling 标签

Upholstered or reupholstered furniture that is sold, offered for sale, or distributed in the municipality and which would be required to have a label under the California Business & Professions Code § 19094 shall place on a label affixed to the product the same statement as required by the state of California.

在本市出售、提供出售或分销的软垫或再抛光家具,以及根据《加利福尼亚州商业与职业法》第19094条要求贴上标签的软垫或再抛光家具,应贴在贴在产品上的标签上,标签上的声明与加利福尼亚州要求的声明相同。

8. Hong Kong - Approved Updates to Safety Standards for Toys and Children Products (3/29/2019)

香港 - 批准更新玩具和儿童产品安全标准
(3/29/2019)

The Commerce and Economic Development Bureau (CEDB) of Hong Kong has approved to update certain safety standards for toys and children's products listed in Schedules 1 and 2 of the Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance (Cap. 424). The proposal reported in the previous Regulatory Update shall be fully adopted, with effect from 1 October 2019.

香港商务和经济发展局(CEDB)已批准更新玩具和儿童产品安全条例(Cap. 424)附表1和2列出的相关产品安全标准。完全采纳之前标准更新的提案,自2019年10月1日起生效。

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